

- (1) Is it reversible error to allow vicarious liability to be imposed on a principal where the principal's agents were named defendants in the same negligence action but the jury was not asked to and did not find liability on the part of any individual agent who stood trial?
- (2) In a medical malpractice case, is it reversible error to allow the jury to determine if the defendant's negligence was either a factual cause of harm or increased the risk of harm to the plaintiff, as the two concepts are not

interchangeable and an unequivocal finding of factual cause is necessary to establish liability?

- (3) Should this Court grant review to resolve the direct conflict between the Superior Court's precedential opinions in this case and *Lewis v. Reading Hospital*[], 345 A.3d 257 (Pa. Super. 2025),] as to whether it is reversible error to allow the jury to determine if the defendant's negligence was either a factual cause of harm or increased the risk of harm to the plaintiff?